Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Topic 10 Study guide 43 points Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hr. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Study the study guide, worksheets, notes, the quiz and Board Activities.**

Match the following definitions.

A. teepees B. lode C. vaqueros D. assimilate E. inflation

\_\_\_\_\_1. increased prices due to increased money supply

\_\_\_\_\_2. skilled riders who herded cattle, cowboys

\_\_\_\_\_3. rich vein of silver or gold

\_\_\_\_\_4. accept the white culture and change

\_\_\_\_\_5. tent homes by stretching buffalo skins over tall poles

**Fill in the blank with the correct term.**

transcontinental Ghost Dance vigilante Ghost towns Boomtowns

Fort Laramie Treaty cattle drive cow town Homestead Act reservation

Chinese church buffalo Irish Dawes Act

6. Cow towns and mining camps had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ groups to deal with

law breakers.

7. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gave 160 acres of free land to pioneers moving

west.

8. When gold was found \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were built overnight. However, when

the mines closed and everyone fled only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were left.

9. The Indians signed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ thinking they would receive

money and never have to move again, but in most cases it was a lie.

10. The end of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happened when farmers fenced in their

farms and cattle caught diseases.

11. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ railroad connected the east with the west.

12. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ worked on the Central Pacific hanging off cliffs to build the railroad. Irish, Mexican and African Americans worked on the Union Pacific.

13. Plains Indians relied heavily on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for food, shelter, etc…

**In complete sentences answer the questions**.

14. Explain a challenging aspects of the cowhand’s job.

15. Explain challenges during the building of the transcontinental railroad.

16. Explain hardships the pioneers endured.

A. George Eastman B. Gustavus Swift C. William Vanderbilt D. Cyrus Field

E. Mother Jones F. Samuel Gompers G. Bessemer process H. J.P. Morgan

I. Andrew Carnegie J. Thomas Edison K. John Rockefeller L. Henry Ford

\_\_\_\_\_ 17. inventor of the transatlantic cable

\_\_\_\_\_ 18. invented the Kodak camera

\_\_\_\_\_ 19. “Wizard” of Menlo Park

\_\_\_\_\_ 20. created a railroad empire worth millions

\_\_\_\_\_ 21. bank financier that bought then combined struggling companies

\_\_\_\_\_ 22. created Standard Oil Trust

\_\_\_\_\_ 23. founder and President of the American Federation of Labor for skilled workers

\_\_\_\_\_ 24. made millions in steel; owned U.S. Steel

\_\_\_\_\_ 25. invented the refrigerated railroad car

\_\_\_\_\_ 26. used the assembly line for making automobiles

\_\_\_\_\_ 27. made steel cheaper and easier

\_\_\_\_\_ 28. spoke out against child labor

A. Triangle Shirtwaist Fire B. philanthropist C. corporation D. rebate

E. Sherman Anti Trust Act F. mass production G. dividend H. AFL

I. Knights of Labor J. stocks K. patent

\_\_\_\_\_ 29. law that banned monopolies and trusts

\_\_\_\_\_ 30. union with unskilled workers

\_\_\_\_\_ 31. union with skilled workers; Gompers was the first president

\_\_\_\_\_ 32. disaster in NYC in 1911 where people could not escape a fire

\_\_\_\_\_ 33. money paid to a share holder

\_\_\_\_\_ 34. shares in a business

\_\_\_\_\_ 35. discount given by some railroad companies to large customers

\_\_\_\_\_ 36. license for a new invention

\_\_\_\_\_ 37. business owned by investors

\_\_\_\_\_ 38. wealthy citizens give money away to better society

\_\_\_\_\_ 39. manufacturing of goods in large quantities

**Circle all that apply**:

40. The Knights of Labor wanted to (limit the work week to 40 hours, better working conditions, increase child labor.)

**Fill in the blank:**

41. When a company owns all aspects of a business from raw materials to finish product,

it is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

42. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ believe in no form of government.